

Companies Act Amendments (22 May 2026): Statutory Remuneration Framework

New rules on executive pay, remuneration disclosures, and shareholder oversight signed into law.

OVERVIEW AND CONTEXT



Statutory Remuneration Framework

- President Ramaphosa signed amendments effective 22 May 2026;
- creating a binding statutory remuneration framework for Public and SOC Companies;
- with additional AFS disclosure requirements for all Companies that require an Audit (Including Private and other Companies).

Governance Accountability Shift

- Stricter rules around executive pay, remuneration disclosures, and shareholder oversight now carry legal force.

Strategic Compliance Guidance

- Companies must urgently align governance and reporting practices with the new framework.

OVERVIEW AND CONTEXT



Public & SOC Companies:

Statutory Remuneration Framework

Remuneration Policy must be approved by shareholders via ordinary resolution at AGMs every three years, or sooner if materially changed.

Enhanced Disclosure Requirements

Remuneration Report must include total remuneration for every named director and prescribed officer, plus the remuneration gap ratio between the top 5% and bottom 5% of earners.

Governance and Compliance Impact

If a vote on the policy fails, the prior remuneration policy applies until shareholder approval is obtained.

Private or Other Companies:

Annual Financial Statements Disclosure

Remuneration and benefits for each individual director and prescribed officer (i.e. CEO/CFO) to be specified per person by name in the AFS.

All:

Legal, financial, and governance teams must collaborate to ensure compliance with new statutory requirements.

CORE LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

BEFORE VS AFTER THE AMENDMENT



Pre-Amendment Governance

Under King IV, shareholder votes on remuneration were non-binding and advisory, with no enforcement mechanism beyond stakeholder engagement and potential reputational harm.

Post-Amendment Changes

King V and the proposed JSE Listing Requirements Amendments are aligned with the Companies Act - Shareholder votes are now binding for JSE listed companies, other Public Companies and State-Owned Companies.

Accountability and Enforcement

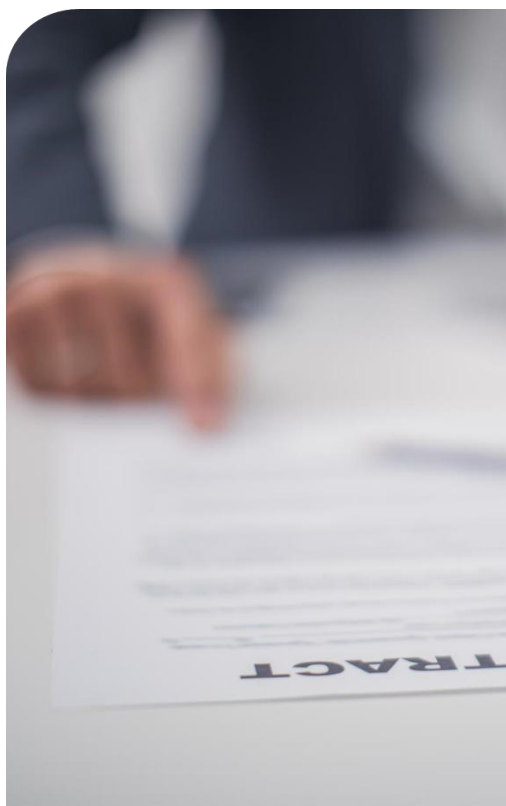
A two-strike rule now bars remuneration committee members for two years after two consecutive AGM rejections.

Standardised Disclosure

Companies must disclose the pay gap ratio between the top 5% and bottom 5% of earners.

CORE LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

KEY LEGISLATIVE CHANGES



Public & SOC:

Remuneration Policy Requirement

Section 30A requires a forward-looking remuneration policy approved by shareholders every three years or when changed materially.

Public & SOC:

Annual Remuneration Report

Section 30B mandates an annual report with a background statement, the policy, and an implementation report, and enforces the two-strike rule.

All Companies / Audited AFS:

Enhanced Disclosure Standards

Section 30(4)(a) now requires named disclosure of remuneration and benefits for each individual director and prescribed officer.

Other Changes:

Centralised Dispute Resolution

Changes to section 166 centralise dispute resolution within the Companies Tribunal for streamlined governance.

GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS AND ACTIONS

BOARD ACTIONS REQUIRED



Align Committee Charters & Workplans

- Reassess the Remuneration Policy and Report.
- Engage with key executives for relevant reporting mechanisms, deliverables and reporting.
- Review & Update Committee Structures and Workplans in line with King V, Companies Act Amendments, JSE Listing Requirements and relevant reporting and disclosure requirements.

Prepare for Annual General Meetings

- Update Integrated Reports and AGM Notices to include applicable remuneration resolutions, policy, report, disclosures and shareholder communication.

Enhance Disclosure & Engagement

- Ensure all Prescribed Officers are Identified & Reported on (Including AFS Disclosures).
- Engage with key stakeholders and advisors with respect to strategy.
- Consider stakeholder engagement strategies prior and post AGM.

GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS AND ACTIONS

CONCLUSION



Remuneration as Accountability

Remuneration Reporting, Disclosure and Voting are now binding statutory obligations with immediate effect from 22 May 2026, not merely governance considerations.

Transparency and Fairness

The two-strike rule and binding votes mean shareholders now have direct power to reshape remuneration committee composition.

Governance and ESG Integration

Robust governance frameworks, including King V, now integrate legal compliance with ESG and other objectives to drive sustainable value creation.

Strategic Preparation and Risks

Companies that delay alignment risk governance instability, reputational damage, and shareholder pushback at upcoming AGMs.

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